

$$\sin x = \frac{a}{c}$$

$$\cos x = \frac{b}{c}$$

$$(\sin x)^2 + (\cos x)^2 = \frac{a^2}{c^2} + \frac{b^2}{c^2} = \frac{a^2 + b^2}{c^2} = \frac{c^2}{c^2} = 1.$$

$$(\sin x)^2 + (\cos x)^2 = 1$$

$$g(y) = \arcsin y$$

$$g'(y) = \frac{1}{\cos(\arcsin y)} = \frac{1}{\cos x} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-y^2}}$$

$$x = \arcsin y$$

$$\cos x = y$$

$$\cos x$$

$$\sin x = y$$

$$(\cos x)^2 + (\sin x)^2 = 1$$

$$(\cos x)^2 + y^2 = 1$$

$$(\cos x)^2 = 1 - y^2$$

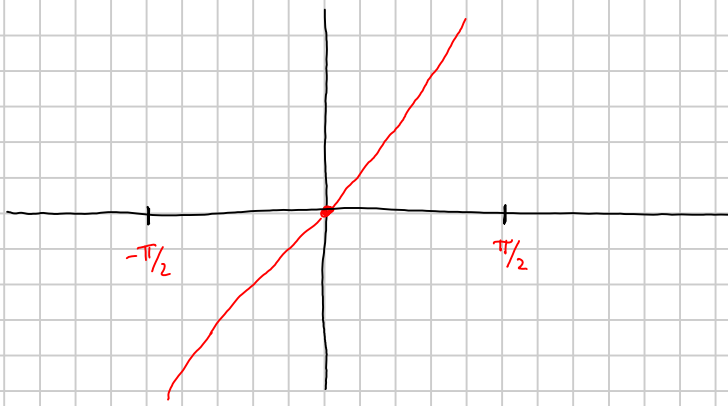
$$\boxed{\cos x = \sqrt{1-y^2}}$$

$$\text{Per } x \in \left[-\frac{\pi}{2}; \frac{\pi}{2}\right] \quad \underline{\cos x \geq 0}$$

$$(D \arcsin)(y) = \boxed{\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-y^2}}}$$

$$\tan(x) = \frac{\sin x}{\cos x}$$

$$f(x) = \tan(x) : \left(-\frac{\pi}{2}; \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \longrightarrow \mathbb{R}$$



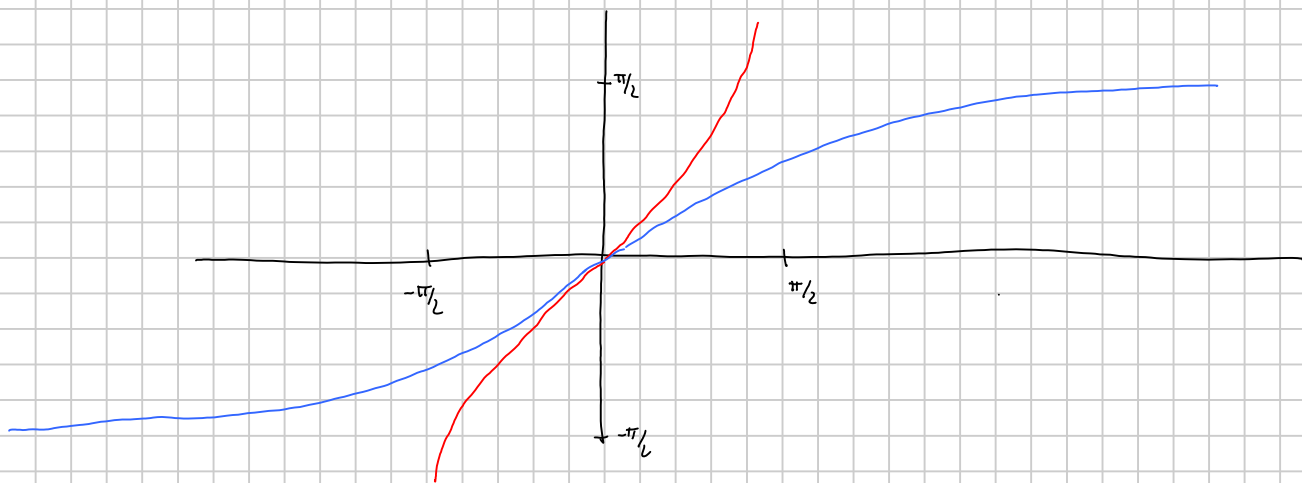
$$f(x) = \text{tg}(x) = \frac{\sin}{\cos}$$

$$\begin{aligned} f'(x) &= \frac{D(\sin) \cos x - D(\cos) \sin x}{(\cos x)^2} = \\ &= \frac{\cos x \cos x + \sin x \sin x}{(\cos x)^2} = \\ &= \frac{(\cos x)^2 + (\sin x)^2}{(\cos x)^2} = \frac{1}{(\cos x)^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{\cos^2}{\cos^2} + \frac{\sin^2}{\cos^2} = 1 + \left(\frac{\sin}{\cos}\right)^2 = 1 + (\text{tg}(x))^2$$

$$g(\gamma) = \text{arctg} : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \left(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right)$$

$$f(x) = \text{tg}(x) : \left(-\frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$



$$g'(\gamma) = \frac{1}{f'(x)}$$

$$\cos x = g(\gamma)$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + (\text{tg}(x))^2}$$

$$\cos x = \text{arctg} \gamma$$

$$\text{tg} x = \gamma$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + \left(\operatorname{tg}(\operatorname{arctg} \gamma)\right)^2} = \frac{1}{1 + \gamma^2}$$