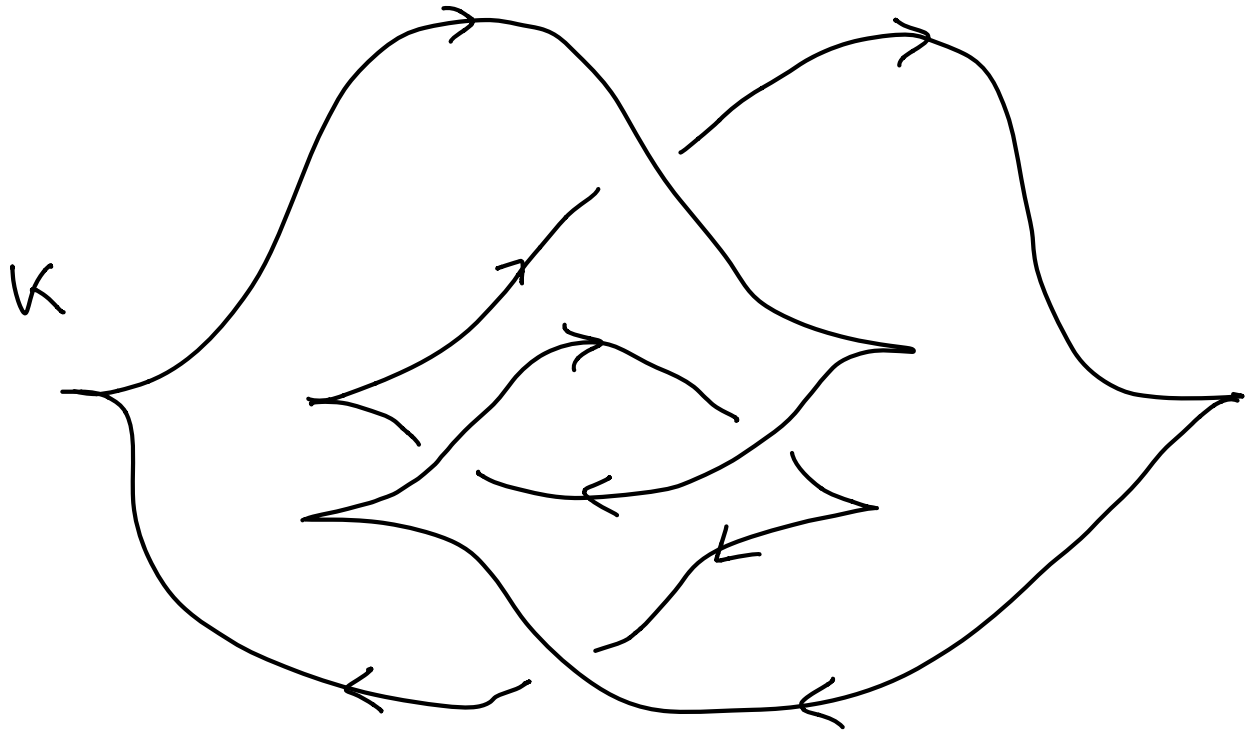
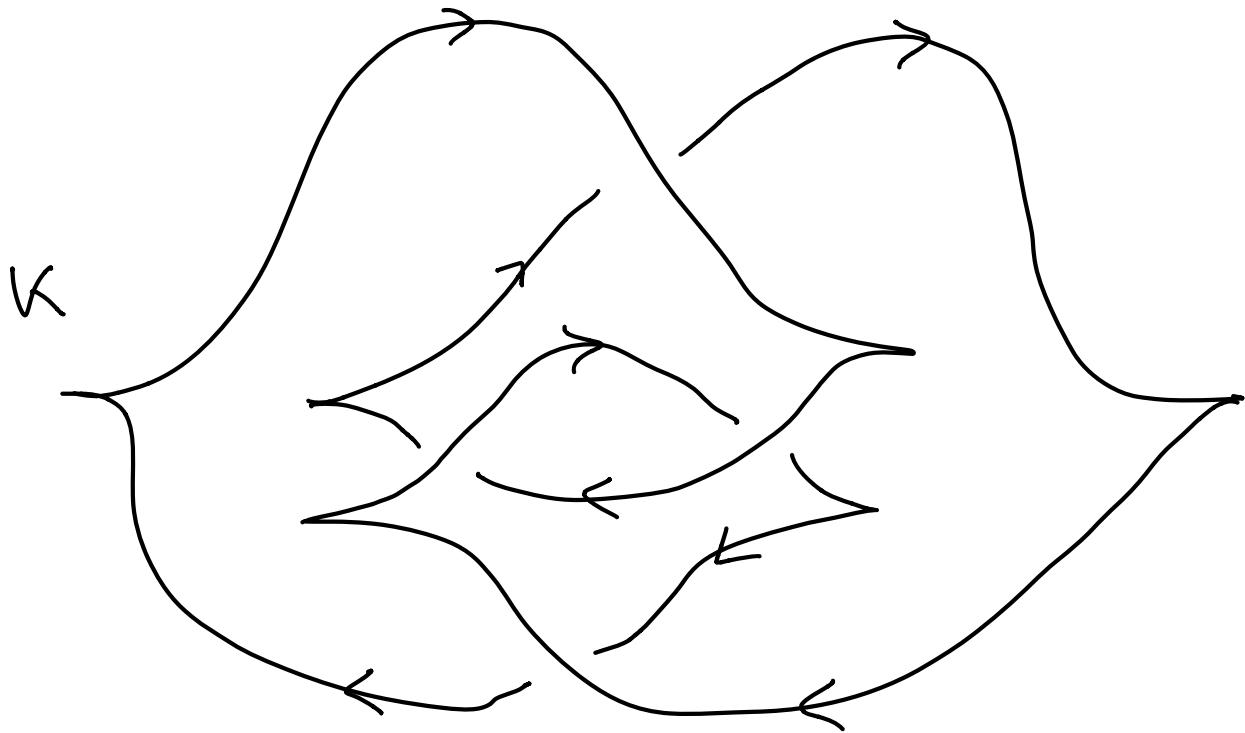


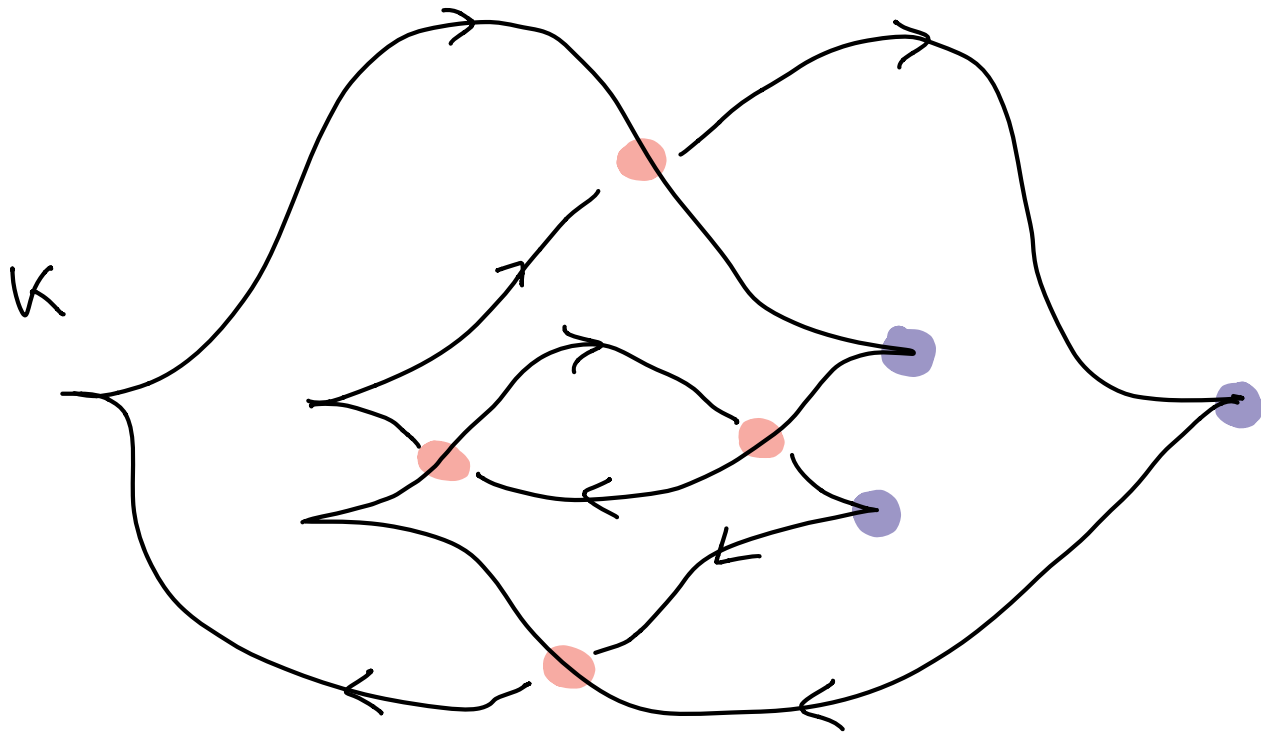
A DIAGRAM FOR THE
POSITIVE 0-WHITEHEAD
DOUBLE OF THE TREFOIL
WITH $\tau_B = +1$.

Example: Trefoil knot

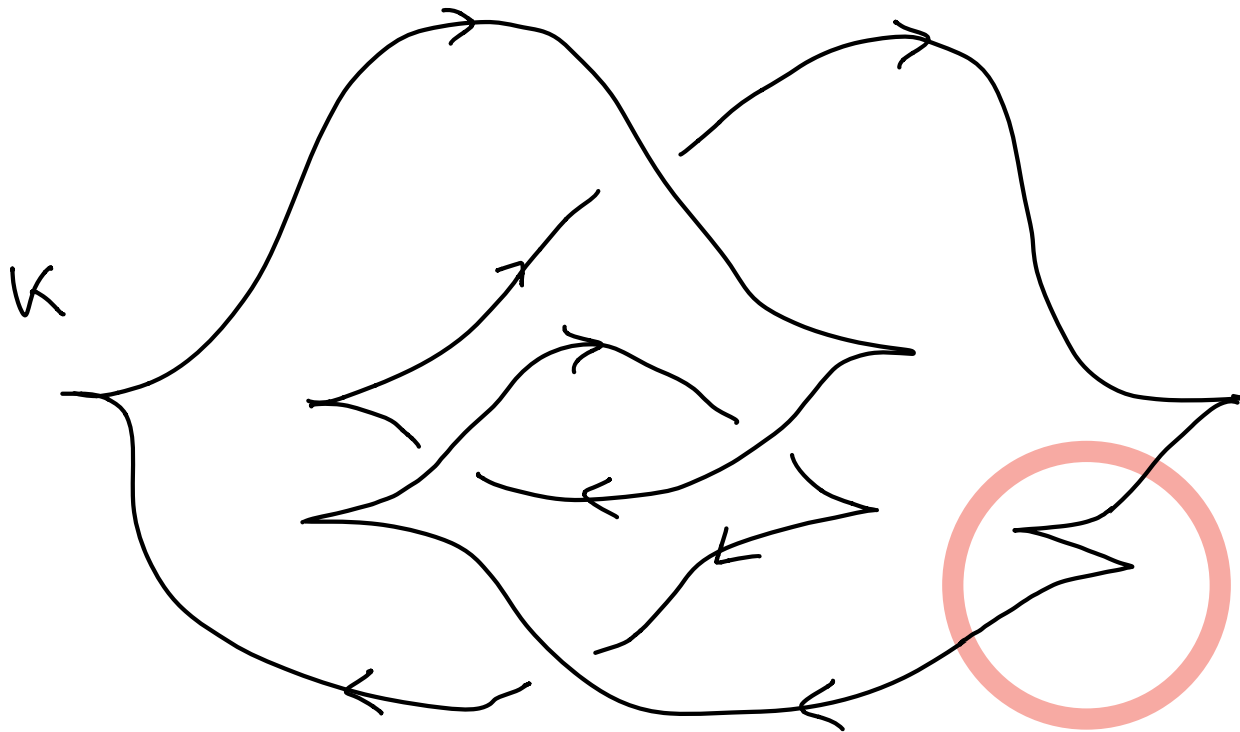




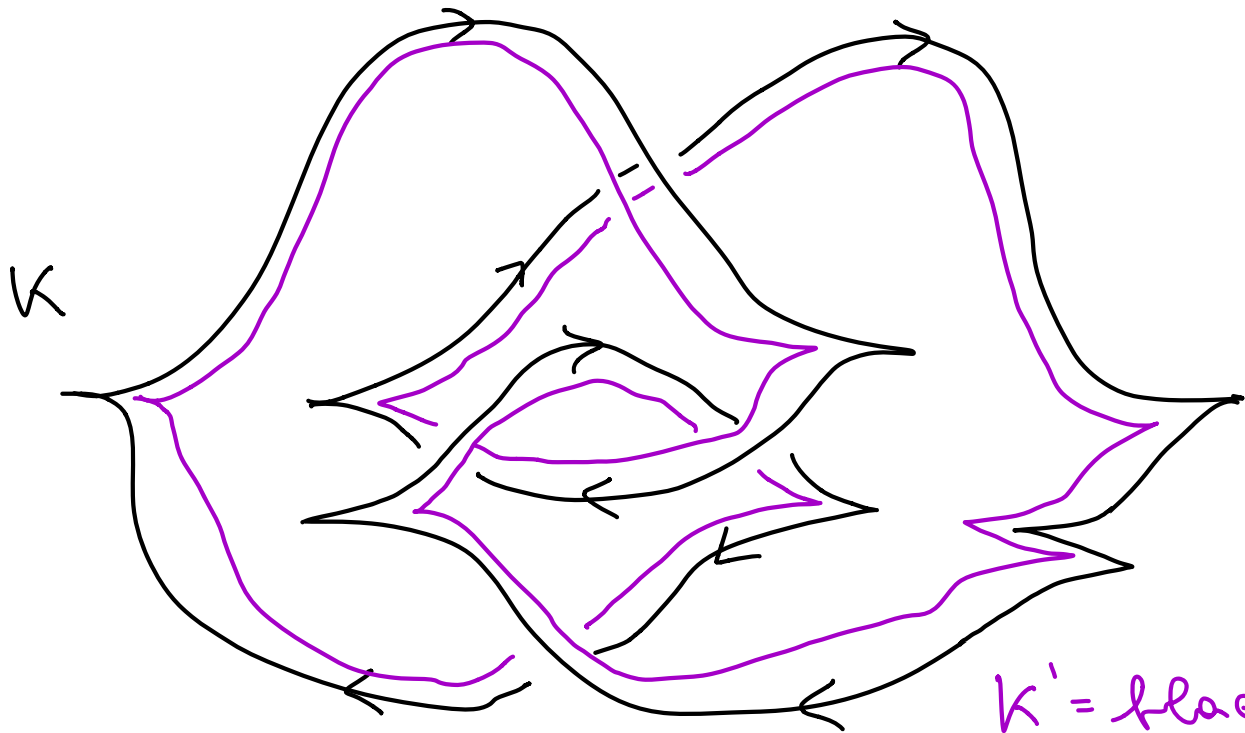
$$\nabla B(K) = \omega(K) - c(K) =$$



$$\tau B(K) = \omega(K) - c(K) = 4 - 3 = 1$$

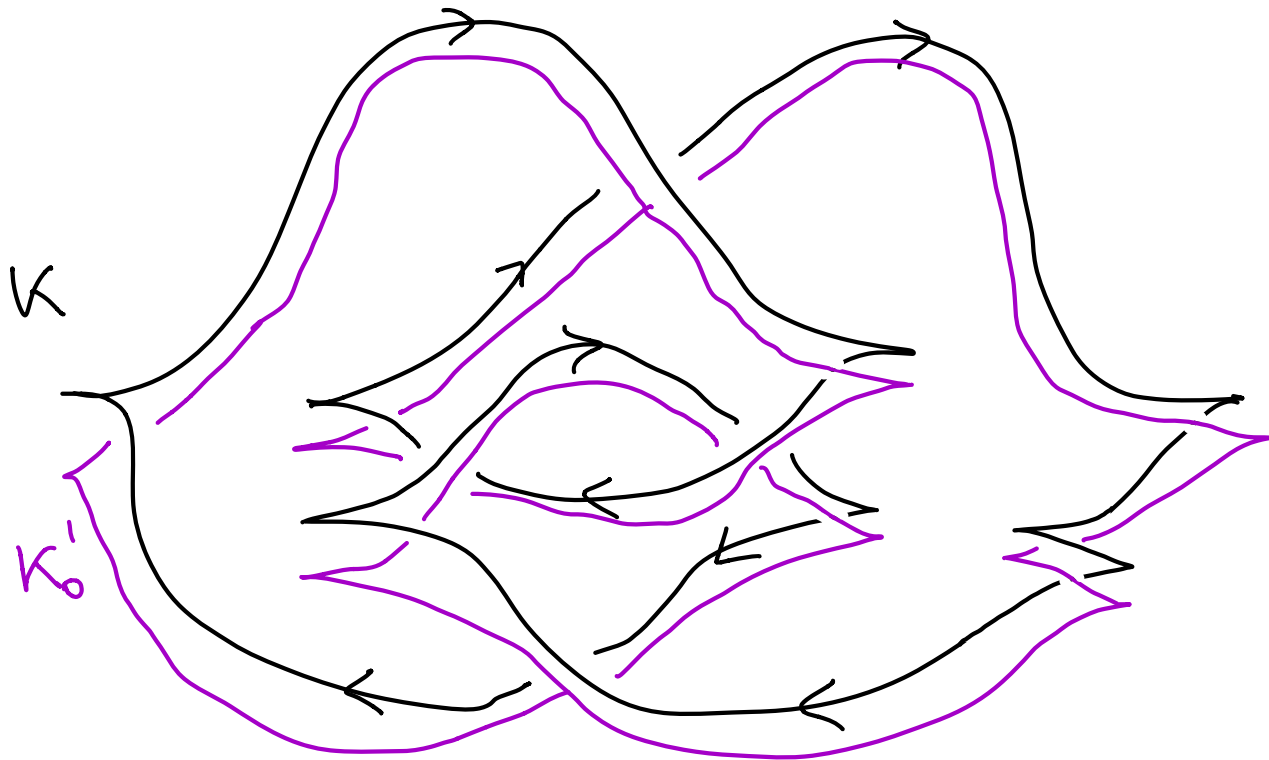


$$\chi B(\kappa) = 1 - 1 = 0$$

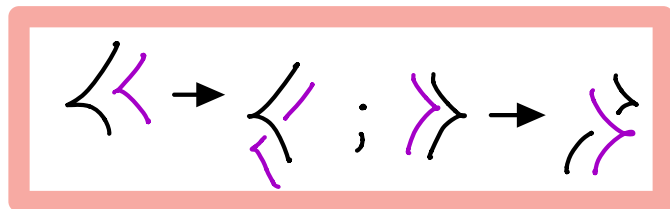


$$\tau B(K) = \textcircled{0}$$

$K' = \text{blackboard framing.}$
 To get K' we add
 $w(K) = c(K)$ twists



$$\gamma_B(K) = \odot = \gamma_B(K_0')$$





$$\text{TB}(K) = \textcircled{0} = \text{TB}(K_0').$$

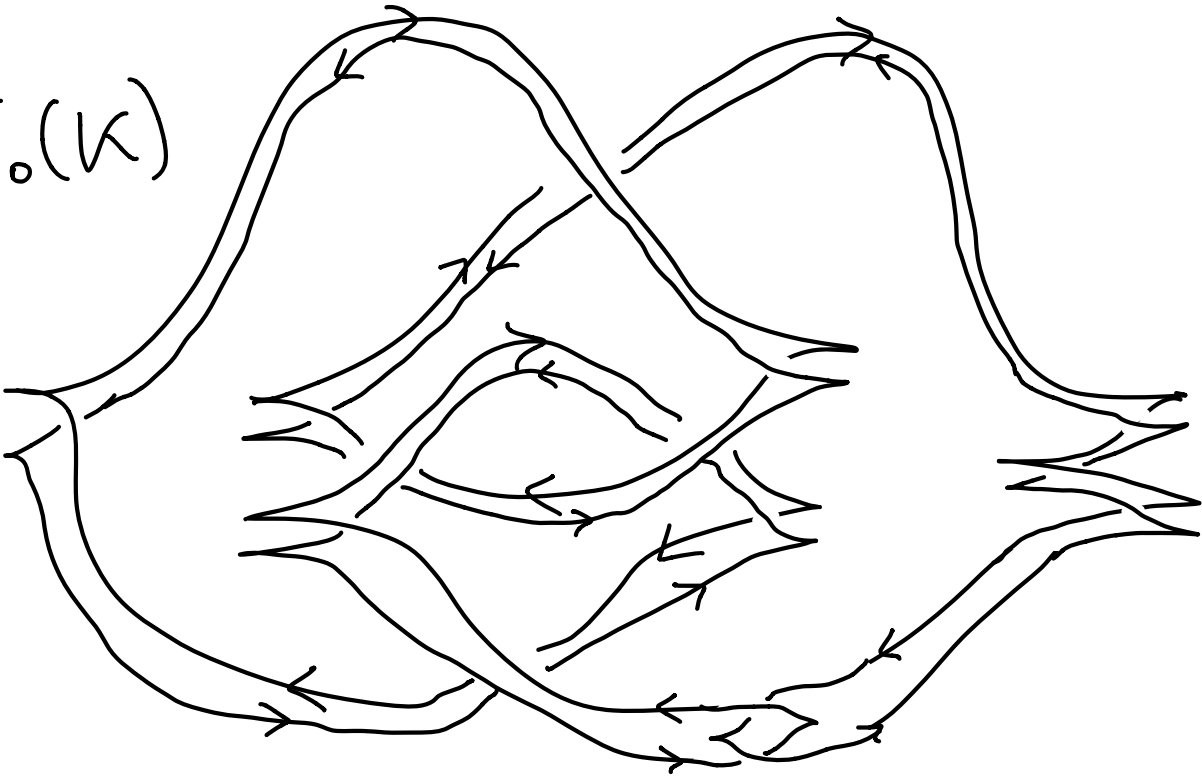
Orient K_0' this way.

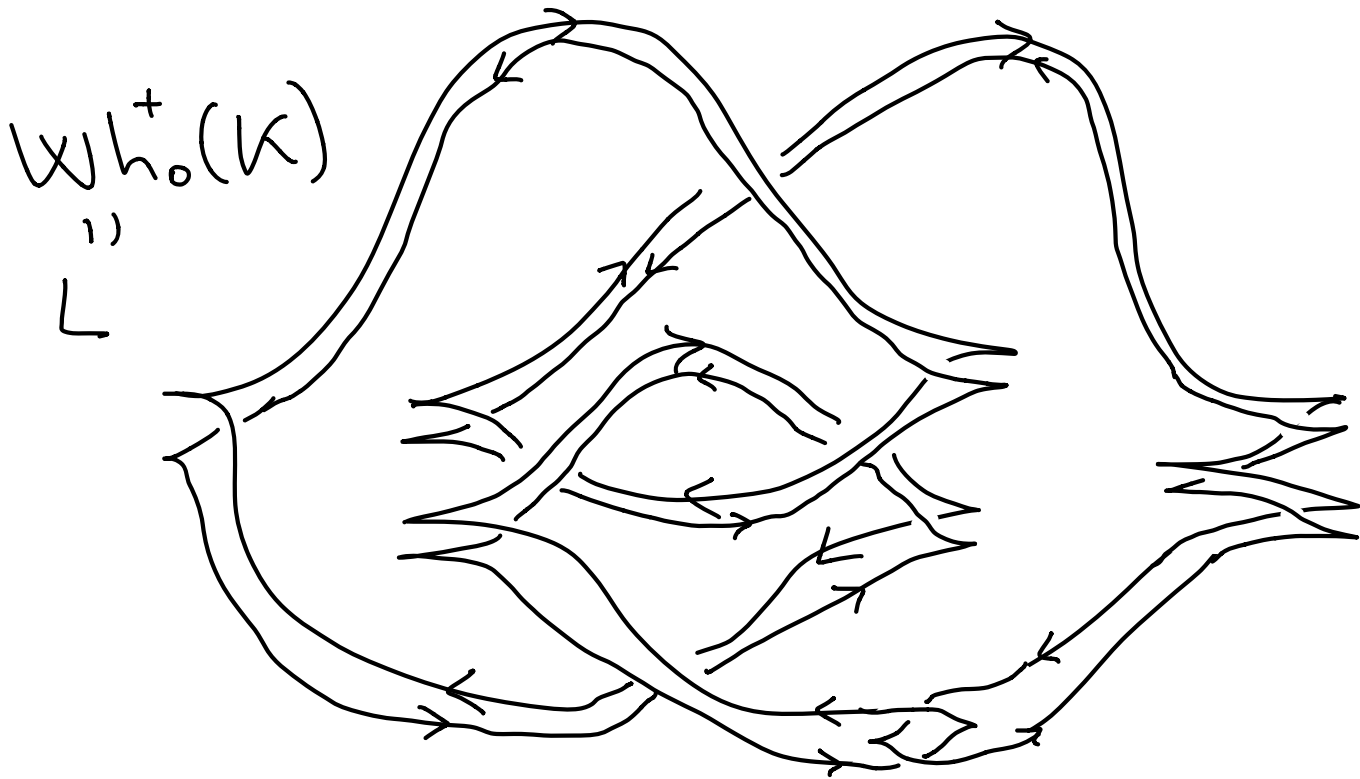


$$\tau B(K) = \bigcirc = \tau B(K_0')$$

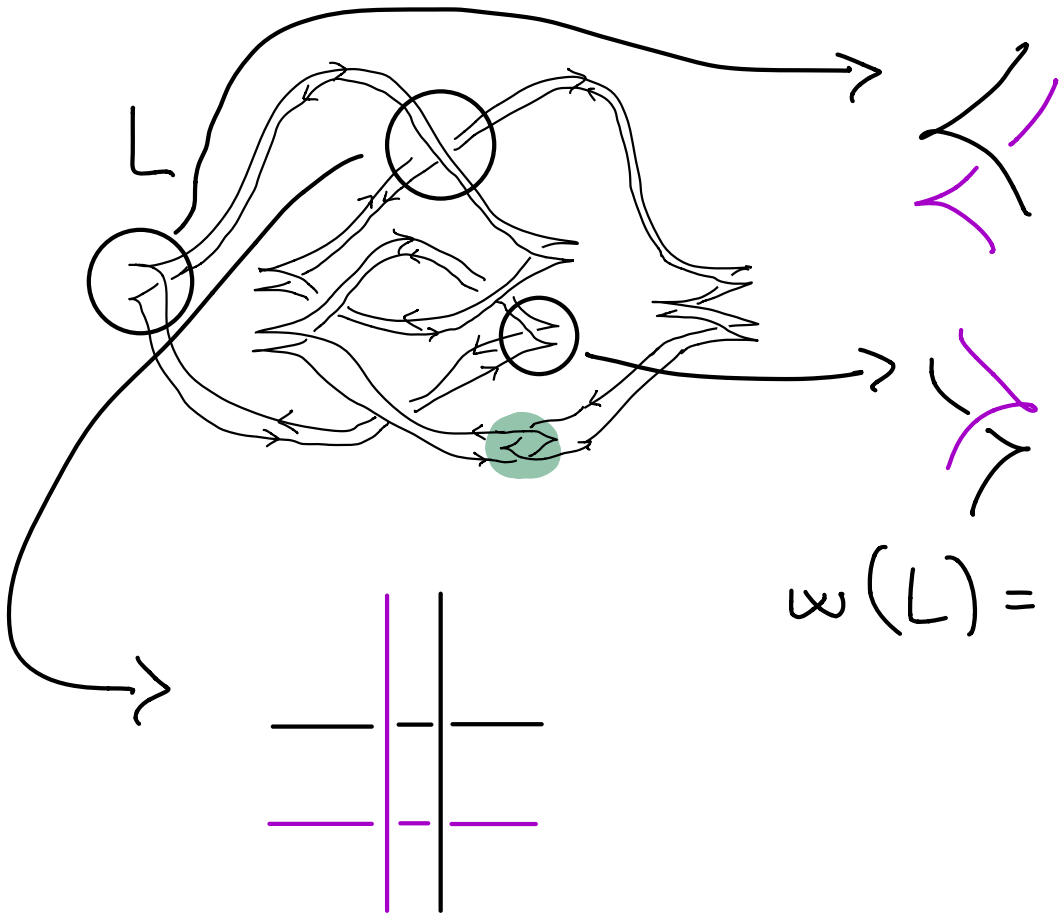
orient K_0' this way.
 $lk(K, K_0') = 0$

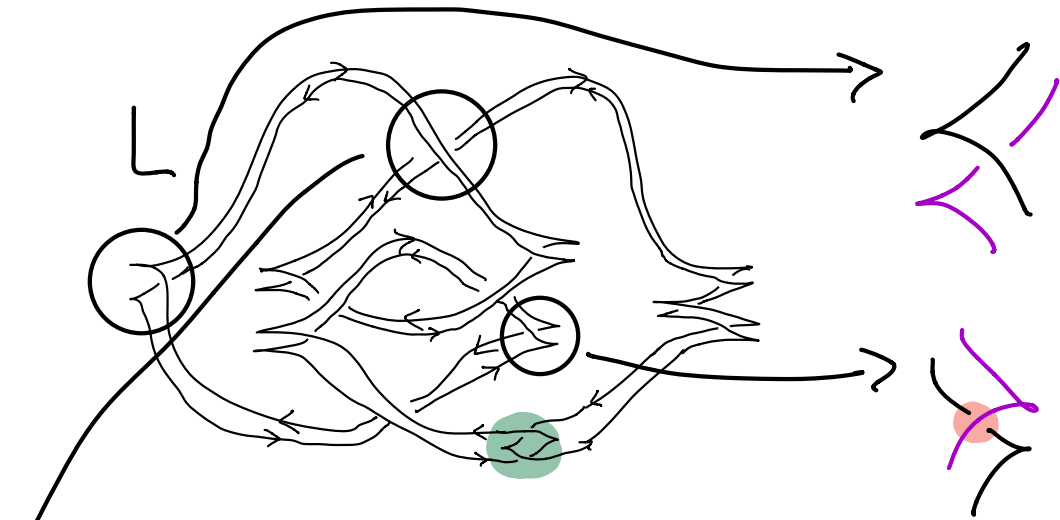
$Wh_0^+(K)$
1)
L



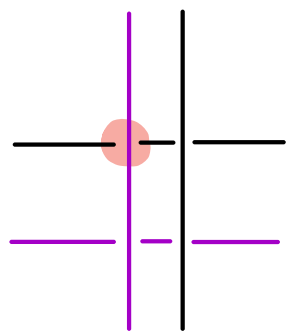


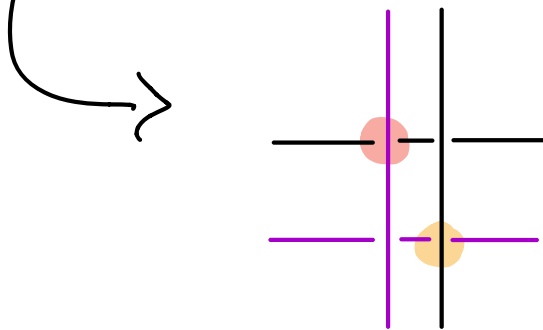
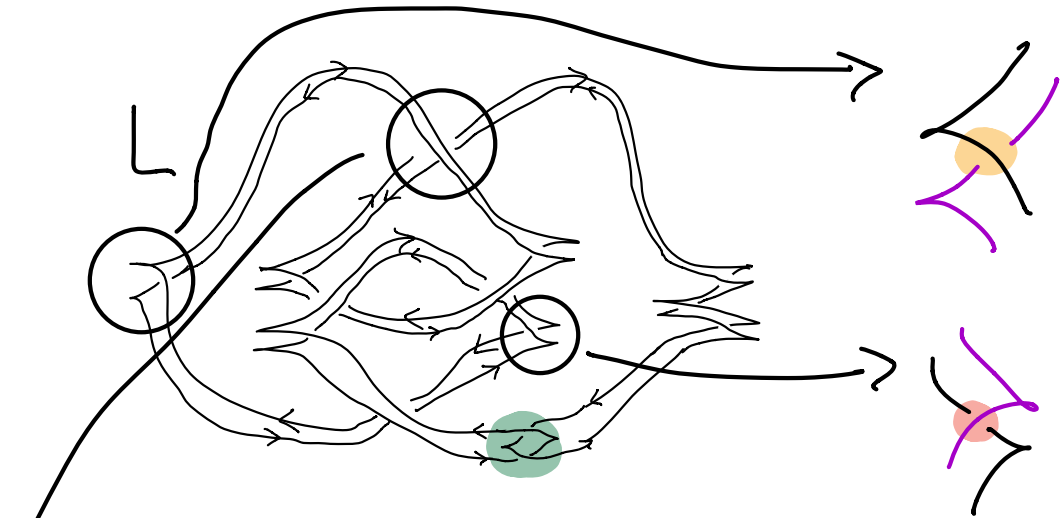
We want to find $TB(L)$.



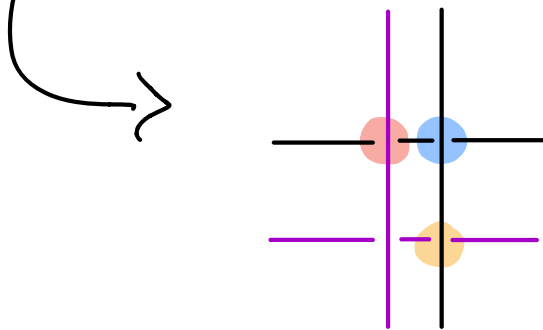
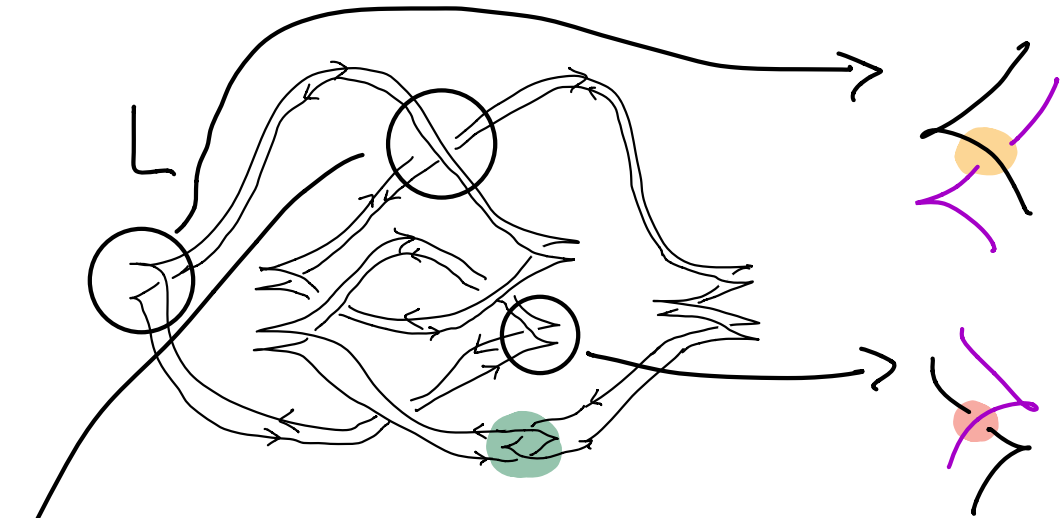


$$\omega(L) = \ell_k(\kappa, \kappa')$$

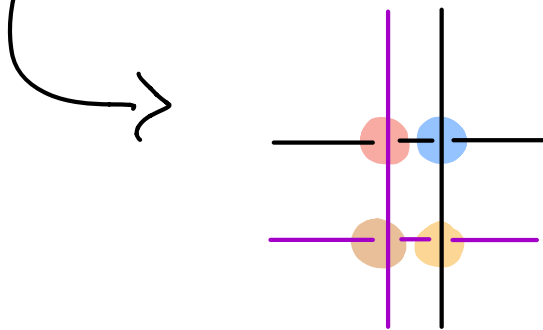
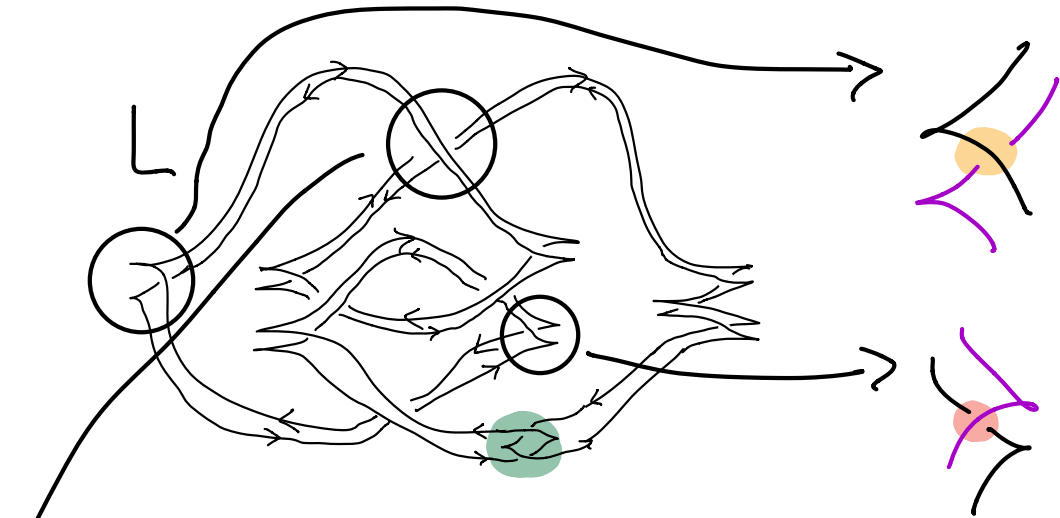




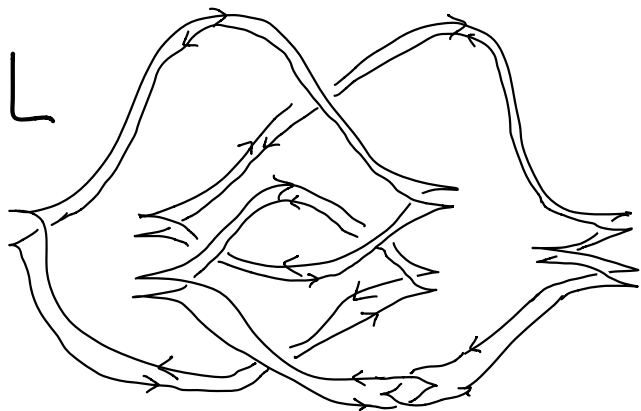
$$\omega(L) = \text{lk}(u, v_0') + \text{lk}(u, v_0'')$$



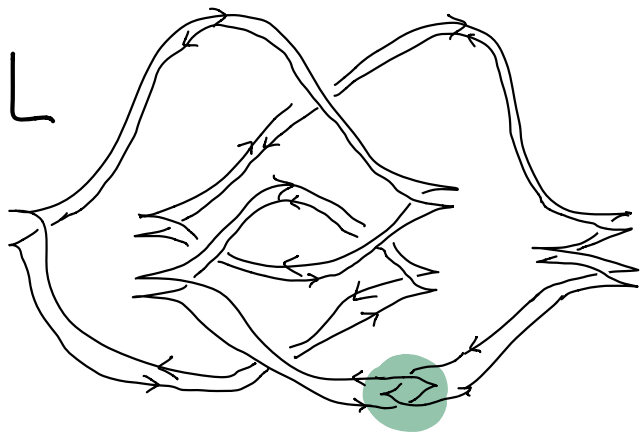
$$\omega(L) = \text{lk}(K, K_0') + \text{lk}(K, K_0') + \omega(K)$$



$$\omega(L) = \begin{aligned} & \text{lk}(K, K_0') \\ & + \\ & \text{lk}(U, K_0') \\ & + \\ & \omega(K) \\ & + \\ & \omega(K_0') \end{aligned}$$



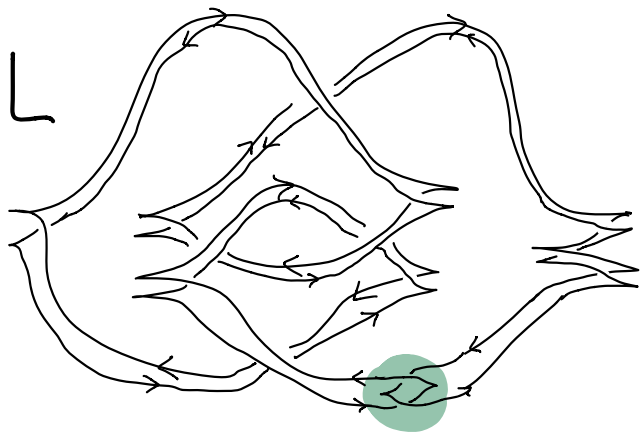
$$\tau B(L) = \omega(L) - c(L) =$$



$$\tau B(L) = \omega(L) - c(L) =$$

$$= \omega(K) + \omega(K_0') + 2 \cdot \text{lk}(K, K_0') - (c(K) + c(K_0'))$$

$$+ 2 - 1$$



$$\nabla B(L) = \omega(L) - c(L) =$$

$$= \omega(K) + \omega(K_0') + 2 \cdot \overset{0}{\text{lk}}(K, K_0') - (c(K) + c(K_0'))$$

$$+ 2 - 1 =$$

$$= 0$$

$$= 0$$

$$= 1$$

